

MaXLinker Manual

1. What is MaXLinker?

MaXLinker is a search engine designed to identify cross-links from cross-linking mass spectrometry (XL-MS) data. More specifically it can identify cross-links from samples cross-linked by any cleavable cross-linker using MS2-MS3 XL-MS fragmentation strategy.

2. Dependencies:

- Python 3.7
- Tkinter (Usually an integral part of python installation)
- Proteome Discoverer 2.1

3. Installation and Running

Linux (Tested on Ubuntu 16.04 LTS 64-bit):

- (i) Download the Linux-specific folder “MaXLinker_Linux.zip” and unzip it
- (ii) The applications can be launched by the following commands through terminal
Pre-processing: “python3 maxlinker_preprocess_gui.py”
Main search: “python3 maxlinker_gui.py”

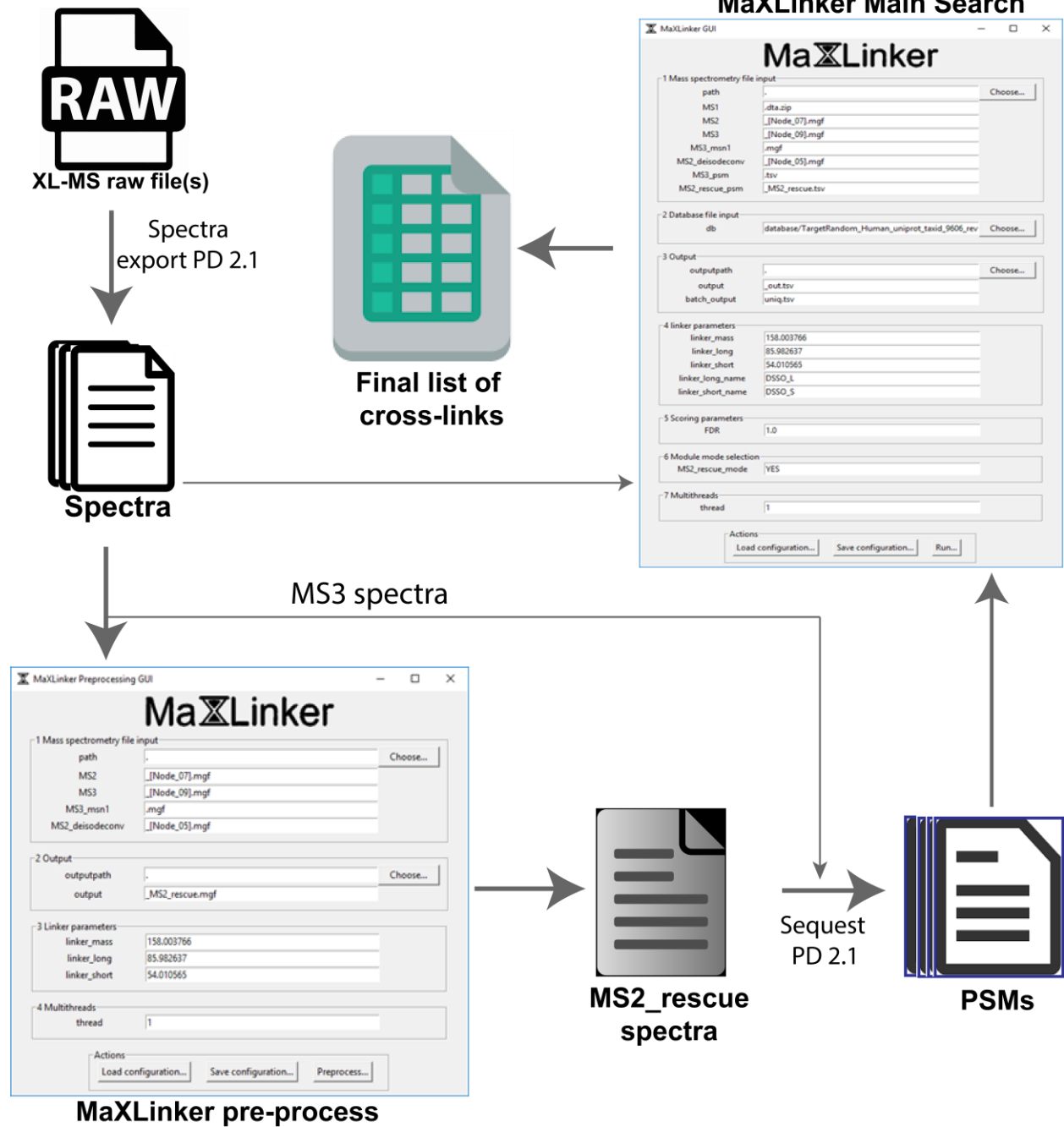
Mac (Tested on Mac OS High Sierra version 10.13.4):

- (i) Download the Mac-specific folder “MaXLinker_Mac.zip” and unzip it
- (ii) The applications can be launched by the following commands through terminal
Pre-processing: “python3 maxlinker_preprocess_gui.py”
Main search: “python3 maxlinker_gui.py”

Windows (Tested on Windows 10 Enterprise 64-bit)

- (i) Download the Windows-specific folder “MaXLinker_Windows.zip” and unzip it
- (ii) The applications can be launched by double-clicking specific scripts
Pre-processing: Double-click “MaXLinker_Preprocess.bat”
Main search: Double-click “MaXLinker_Main.bat”

4. MaXLinker work-flow

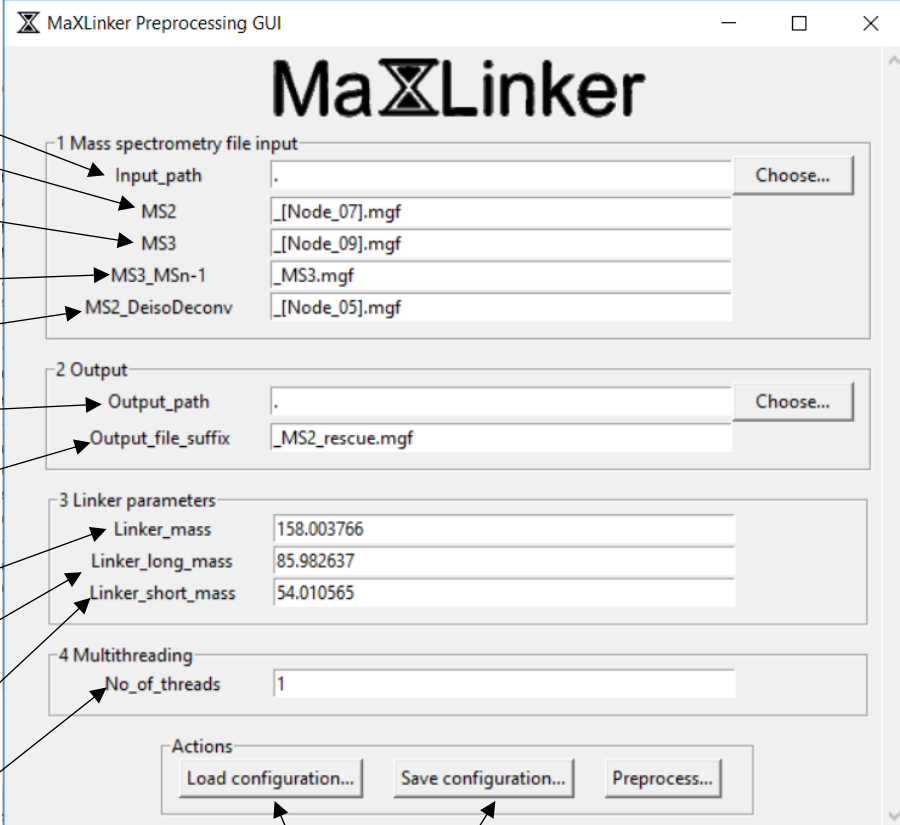


5. Input / Output parameters

5.1 Pre-processing

5.1.1 Exporting spectra using Proteome Discoverer 2.1

The user need export spectra (at different levels such as MS1, MS2 and MS3) from the raw files using Proteome Discoverer 2.1. The templates that can be used for such export are provided in folder “Demo_files/PD_Templates/Spectra_export”. Additionally, one of the nodes in the spectral export templates require ‘MS2 Spectrum Processor’ node available at <http://ms.imp.ac.at/index.php?action=spectrum-processor> that facilitates deisotoping and charge deconvolution of MS2 spectra. Ideally, the export should create five files (specifically four ‘mgf’ files and one ‘dta’ folder) per each raw file out of which the four mgf files are required as input in the Preprocessing step. Descriptions of those files are provided in the following annotation under “1 Mass spectrometry file input” option in the Preprocessing GUI image.



The image shows the MaXLinker Preprocessing GUI with various input and output parameters. Annotations on the left describe the files and parameters used in the GUI. The GUI itself is divided into sections for input, output, linker parameters, and multithreading, with buttons for configuration and preprocessing.

Annotations:

- Full path to the folder containing all the input files
- ‘.mgf’ file containing MS2 spectra with precursor mass at MS1 level as its header
- ‘.mgf’ file containing MS3 spectra with precursor mass at MS1 level as its header
- ‘.mgf’ file containing MS3 spectra with precursor mass at MS2 level as its header
- ‘.mgf’ file with charge deconvoluted and deisotoped MS2 spectra
- Full path to the folder in which the user wants the rescue mgf file to be generated (Default: current folder)
- File suffix for the output file in case the user wants to change the default suffix (Default: “_MS2_rescue”)
- Total mass of the cleavable cross-linker (Default: DSSO’s mass)
- mass of the long arm after the cross-linker cleavage (Default: DSSO long’s mass)
- mass of the short arm after the cross-linker cleavage (Default: DSSO short’s mass)
- Number of cores (CPUs) to be used (Default: 1)

MaXLinker Preprocessing GUI Parameters:

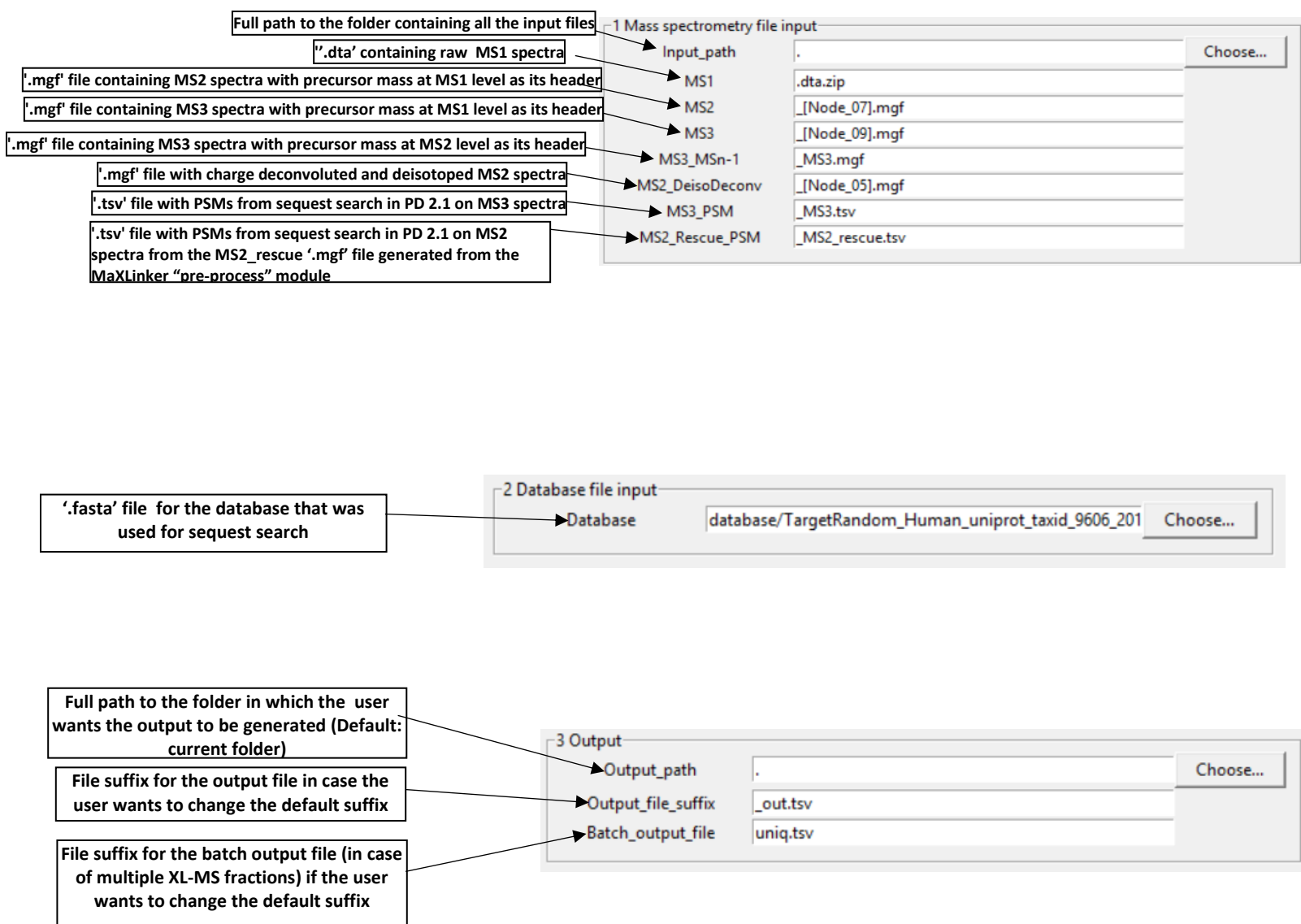
- 1 Mass spectrometry file input**
 - Input_path: [Choose...]
 - MS2: [Node_07].mgf
 - MS3: [Node_09].mgf
 - MS3_MS_n-1: _MS3.mgf
 - MS2_DeisoDeconv: [Node_05].mgf
- 2 Output**
 - Output_path: [Choose...]
 - Output_file_suffix: _MS2_rescue.mgf
- 3 Linker parameters**
 - Linker_mass: 158.003766
 - Linker_long_mass: 85.982637
 - Linker_short_mass: 54.010565
- 4 Multithreading**
 - No_of_threads: 1
- Actions**
 - Load configuration...
 - Save configuration...
 - Preprocess...

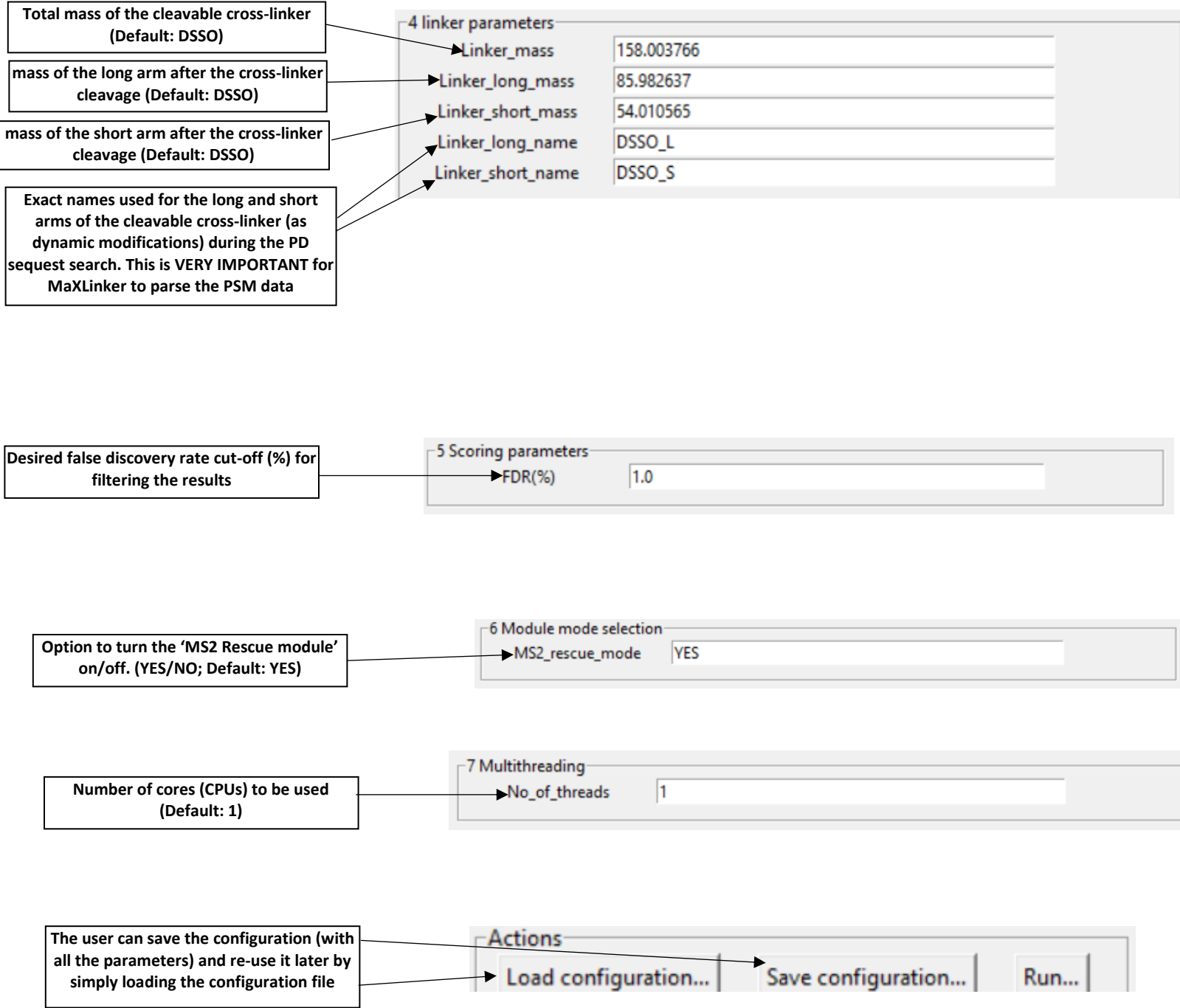
The user can save the configuration (with all the parameters) and re-use it later by simply loading the configuration file

5.2 Performing PSM search using Sequest available in Proteome Discoverer 2.1

The preprocessing step generates a .mgf file that consists of spectra with theoretical precursor masses for the potentially rescued spectra. This rescue file along with the original raw file of each fraction n is subjected to a sequest search using Proteome Discoverer 2.1. The templates that can be used for such search are provided in folder “Demo_files/PD_Templates/PSM_search”. Please note that the search parameters are different for the PSM search of MS3 spectra compared to that of MS2_rescue spectra. For a detailed description of search parameters, please see “Data Processing” under “EXPERIMENTAL PROCEDURES” in the manuscript.

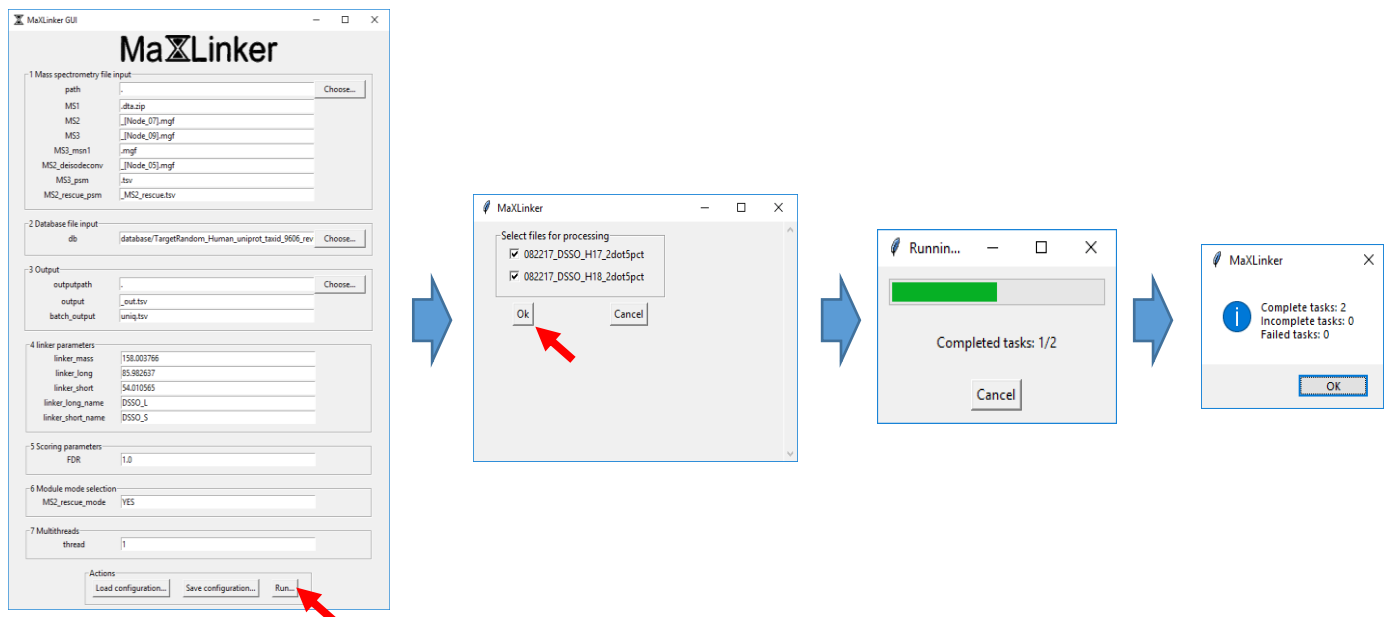
5.3 Main Search





Please refer to the sample input files provided in /Demo_files folder for a better understanding of the input file format. Also, please note that the PSM input files **MUST** contain the following columns (not necessarily in the same order) exported from the sequest search performed in Proteome Discoverer 2.1: “**First Scan**”, “**Confidence**”, “**PSM Ambiguity**”, “**Annotated Sequence**”, “**Protein Accessions**”, “**Protein Descriptions**”, “**MH+ [Da]**”, “**Modifications**”, “**Percolator q-Value**”. Please refer the sample input files for more information.

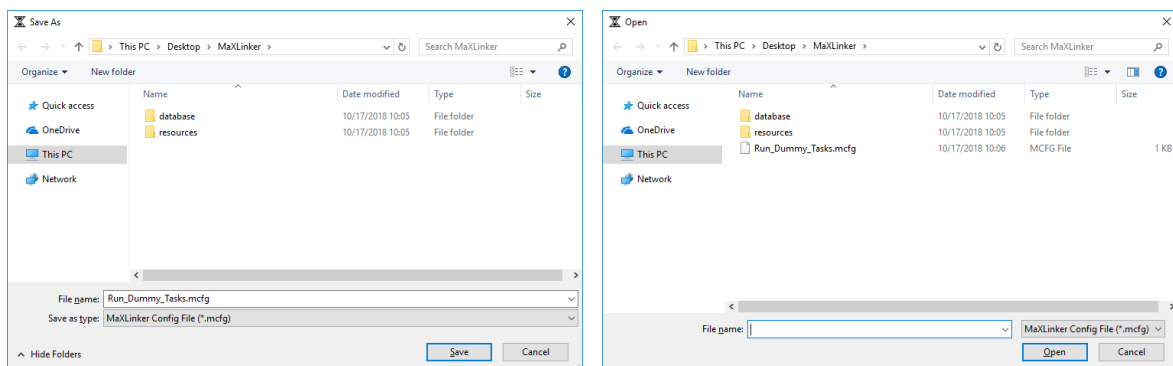
6. Quick glance of work-flow for MaXLinker's main search



It is highly recommended that the users perform a ‘test search’ on the sample input files provided to make sure they can reproduce the results from the sample output files to make sure the software is setup and working properly. Please reach out to us for support, if you notice any inconsistencies.

7. Other features

7.1 Saving / Loading parameters

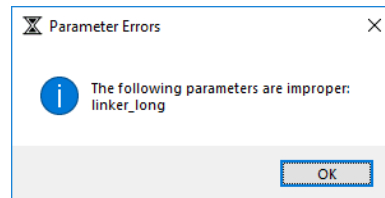


Users can save and load the parameters by using the “Load configuration...” and “Save configuration...” buttons.

7.2 Running the main modules

When user clicks “Run...”, the program validates the parameters and searches for files according to the provided suffices if no parameter error is detected.

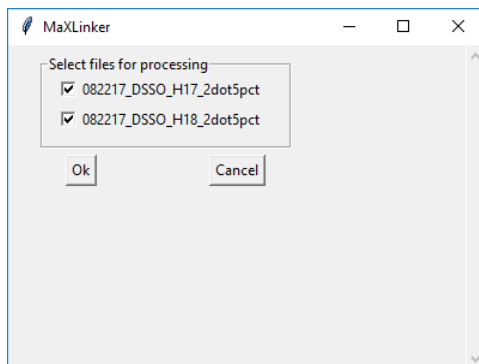
7.3 Improper parameters



The program attempts to detect improper parameters and gives warning. Users need to correct these parameters before they could successfully run the tasks.

7.4 File searching

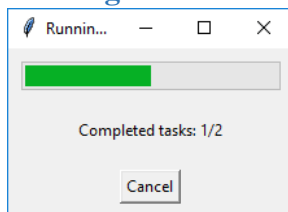
The program looks for files in the input directory (and its sub-directories) and collect all file names with suffices matching those defined by users. Users can select the file prefixes they want to process.



Some file prefixes are “greyed out” and not selectable because:

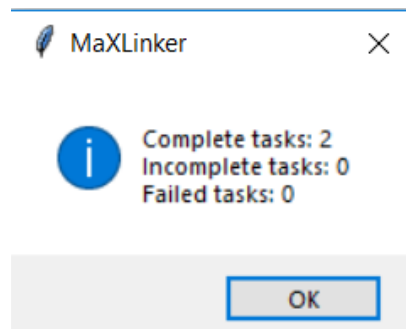
- Some files are missing (e.g. only 4 of 7 suffices could be matched)
- Duplicated file names are found.

7.5 Progress



The program runs on the selected prefixes and shows the progress of completion.

7.6 Summary of completion status



Upon completion or cancellation, the program generates a brief summary on the completion status

- Complete: The tasks that complete successfully
- Incomplete: The tasks that are running or pending when users cancel the run
- Failed: The tasks with problems arise during the run